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PPLICATION NO.	FI	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/974,935		10/10/2001	Jeffrey A. Levin	010364	1124
23696	7590	04/21/2005		EXAMINER	
Qualcomm	Incorpor	ated		KIM, K	EVIN
Patents Depa 5775 Moreho		2	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
San Diego, (CA 9212	:1-1714	2634	<u></u>	
				DATE MAILED: 04/21/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<u> </u>					
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/974,935	LEVIN ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
_		Kevin Y Kim	2634				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tiply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDON!	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10-	10-2001 and 8-13-2004.					
2a)□							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the n							
•—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-50</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-10,15,16,18-30,33-36,38-40,42-44,46-50</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>11-14,17,31,32,37,41 and 45</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examin The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 August 2004</u> is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin Theorem 1.	: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	. (PTO 442)				
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	y (PTO-413) ⊌ate					
3) 🛛 Infori	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date <u>10/25/02</u> .		Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 3-10,36,40 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 3,36, 40 and 44 each further define the estimation step of the pilot interference. However, the second step of "multiplying processed pilot data with the estimated channel response..." is considered indefinite because there is no step that produces "processed pilot data." In other words, "processed pilot data" implies a previous step of processing pilot data but there is no such steps in the base claims 1 and 2. Claims 4-10 are rejected as depending on a rejected base claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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4. Claims 1,2,15,16,18-30,33-35,38,39,42,43,46-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Huang et al (US 6,067,292, submitted as part of IDS by applicant).

Claim 1.

Huang et al discloses a method of canceling pilot interference at a receiver unit in a wireless system (see Fig.6), comprising,

receiving a signal comprised of a plurality of signal instances (601,602), wherein each signal instance includes a pilot;

deriving total pilot interference due to one or more signal instances (see col. 7, line 65 to col.8, line 9);

subtracting the total pilot interference from the received signal to derive a pilot-canceled signal (see col.8, lines 9-18); and

processing the pilot-canceled signal to derive demodulated data for each of at least one signal instance in the received signal (see col.8, lines 18-21).

Claim 2.

Huang et al estimating pilot interference due to each of the one or more signal instances; and accumulating the estimated pilot interference for the one or more signal instances. (see col.15, lines 16-23);

Claim 15.

Huang et al teaches that the subtraction of interference from a received signal is performed using interference samples and data samples, see col. 7, lines 46-48 describing

that "the pilot interference cancellation (subtractions) is performed on the chip samples. For proper subtraction, the data and interference samples must be provided "at a particular sample rate."

Claim 16.

Huang et al teaches that "the pilot interference" of a signal instance being processed in not included for providing the total pilot interference. See col. 15, lines 16-23 describing that pilot signals of paths 1 and 2 are subtracted from path 1 for an example.

Claim 18.

Huang et al teaches oversampling of chip, see col.6, lines 41-43, thus, the sample rate is a multiple of a chip rate.

Claims 19 and 20.

In order to derive pilot interference it is required that the total pilot interference be "performed based on segments of data samples" for the received signal and the segments would include at least "data samples of one symbol period" for proper extraction of the pilot interference.

Claim 21.

Huang et al teaches the processing to derive demodulated data is performed on segments of pilot-cancelled data samples. See col.8, lines 19-21.

Claim 22.

Fig. 6 illustrates that the driving of the total pilot interference (606,607) and the processing of the pilot-cancelled signal (605) are performed in parallel.

Claim 23.

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Fig.6 illustrates that the driving of the total pilot interference (606,607) and the processing of the pilot-cancelled signal (605) are performed in a pipelined manner.

Claims 24-27.

Huang et al teaches the receiver is a IS-95 CDMA receiver, see col.3, lines 33-34, thus the communication system in which the receiver is used supports all the variations of CDMA systems such as "CDMA 2000," and "W-CDMA."

Claim 28.

Huang et al teaches the received signal can be on "a reverse link." See col. 17, lines 33-35.

Claim 29.

Huang et al teaches the received signal can be on "a forward link" in a CDMA system. See col. 17, lines 27-34.

Claim 30.

Huang et al discloses a method of canceling pilot interference at a receiver unit in a wireless system (see Fig.6), comprising,

processing a received signal comprised of a plurality of signal instances to provide data samples, wherein each signal instance includes a pilot (see OTS 611 and 612 that processes a received signal to provide data samples); processing the data samples to derive an estimate of pilot due to one or more signal instances (see col. 7, line 65 to col.8, line 9);

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deriving total pilot interference due to the one or more signal instances (see col.15, lines 16-23);

subtracting the total pilot interference from the received signal to derive a pilot-canceled signal (see col.15, lines 16-23); and

processing the pilot-canceled signal to derive demodulated data for each of at least one signal instance in the received signal (see col.8, lines 18-21).

Claim 33.

Huang et al teaches that the subtraction of interference from a received signal is performed using interference samples and data samples, see col. 7, lines 46-48 describing that "the pilot interference cancellation (subtractions) is performed on the chip samples. For proper subtraction, the data and interference samples must be provided "at a particular sample rate." Further, Huang et al teaches oversampling of chip, see col.6, lines 41-43, thus, the sample rate is a multiple of a chip rate.

Claims 34, 38 and 40.

Huang et al discloses a receiver unit in a wireless communication system (CDMA specifically), comprising;

a receiver for processing a received signal comprised of a plurality of signal instances to provide data samples, wherein each signal instance includes a pilot, see col.6, lines 41-43, describing the reception of a signal and generating samples from the received samples, a demodulator comprising;

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a pilot interference estimator (606,607) to process the samples and derive an estimate of total pilot interference due to one or more of signal instances (see col.15, lines 16-23), a summer (608,609) for subtracting the total interference from the data samples, and a data demodulation unit (605) for processing the pilot-cancelled data samples to derive demodulated data. See Fig.7 additionally. Particularly with respect to claim 42 drawn to a base station in a CDMA, see col. 17, lines 33-35 teaches the received signal can be on "a reverse link," indicating the receiver can be a base station receiver.

Claims 35, 39 and 43.

Huang et al discloses a channel estimator, see co.6, lines 48-54 and col.7, lines 37-39.

Claims 46, 47 and 48.

Huang et al teaches that the total pilot interference is obtained by summing the pilots of one or more signal instances. See col.15, lines 16-23.

Claim 49.

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Huang et al teaches that the total pilot interference is obtained by summing the pilots of one or more signal instances (see col.15, lines 16-23), using "an interference accumulator" (see Fig. 23, adders 2305).

Claim 50.

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Huang et al teaches that "the interference accumulator" comprises "a plurality of sections defined by a time offset." (see 2305, 2306 and 2307 comprising "a plurality of sections" having a different time offset).

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 11-14,17,31,32, 37,41 and 45 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Y Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-3039. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM --5PM M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Chin can be reached on 571-272-3056. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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PATENT EXAMINER